FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

AND

 $\frac{\text{INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S}}{\text{REPORT}}$

YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable County Judge and Members of the Commissioners Court of **Fisher County, Texas:**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Fisher County, Texas, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Fisher County, Texas, as of September 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, and postemployment benefit information on pages 3–8 and 35-41 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Fisher County, Texas' basic financial statements. The other supplementary schedules on pages 42-56 are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The other supplementary schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplementary schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Roberts & McGee, CPA
Roberts & McGee, CPA

Abilene, Texas May 8, 2021

As management of Fisher County, we offer readers of Fisher County's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of Fisher County for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020.

Financial Highlights

Government-Wide Financial Statements

- The assets of Fisher County exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$5,681,964 (net position). Of this amount, \$2,961,344 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors. \$691,779 of the County's equity is restricted for debt service and special revenue funds, and \$2,028,841 is invested in capital assets, net of related debt.
- The County's total debt outstanding at September 30, 2020 is \$5,972,870.
- The total net position (*equity*) of the County increased by \$301,120 from operations during the 2020 fiscal year.

Fund Financial Statements

- As of the close of the current fiscal year, Fisher County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$3,664,962. Approximately 71% of the total fund balance amount, \$2,612,478, is unassigned and available for spending at the government's discretion.
- The fund balance in the general fund reflects an increase of \$48,247 from the prior year.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, restricted fund balance for debt service, and special revenue funds was \$691,779, which is an increase of \$141,659 from the prior year.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to Fisher County's basic financial statements. Fisher County's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The statement of net position presents information on all of Fisher County's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of Fisher County is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes).

The government-wide financial statements reflect functions of Fisher County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of Fisher County include general administration, judicial, legal, financial administration, public

facilities, public safety, health and welfare, conservation, other supported services, and road and bridge. The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 9-10 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Fisher County, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of Fisher County can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus on governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditure, and changes in fund balance provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

Fisher County has three governmental fund types which are the general fund, special revenue funds and debt service funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund, the road and bridge fund, and the debt service fund, which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other non-major governmental funds are combined into the aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report. The governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 11-16 of this report.

Fisher County adopts an annual budget for its general fund, road and bridge fund, debt service fund, and various other special revenue funds. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the general fund and the road and bridge fund on pages 35-36.

Fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the County in a trustee capacity or as an agent for other governmental units. The County's fiduciary funds are all reported as Agency Funds. Agency funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the County's basic programs. The basic agency fund financial statement can be found on page 17, and the schedule of changes in the agency assets and liabilities can be found on page 56 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 18-34 of this report.

Other information. The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information. Combining statements can be found on pages 42-56 of this report.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the Fisher County, assets exceeded liabilities by \$5,681,964 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

Fisher County's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery and equipment, and infrastructure); less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is outstanding of \$2,028,841. Fisher County uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although Fisher County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Fisher County's Net Position

	Governmental Activities				
		2020	_	2019	
Current assets	\$	3,926,471	\$	3,717,100	
Capital assets and noncurrent assets		8,113,482		7,789,784	
Deferred outflows of resources		520,833		736,422	
Total Assets and Deferred outflows of resources		12,560,786		12,243,306	
				_	
Current liabilities		630,936		518,717	
Long-term liabilities		5,712,826		6,100,511	
Deferred inflows of resources		535,060		243,234	
Total Liabilities and deferred inflows of					
resources		6,878,822		6,862,462	
Net investment in capital assets		2,028,841		1,813,101	
Restricted		691,779		550,120	
Unrestricted		2,961,344		3,017,623	
Total net position	\$	5,681,964	\$	5,380,844	

The government's net position increased by \$301,120 from operations during the current fiscal year.

Fisher County's Changes in Net Position

	Governmental Activities				
Revenues:	_	2020		2019	
Program Revenues:			-		
Charges for Services	\$	495,165	\$	560,577	
Operating Grants and Contributions		278,006		251,457	
General Revenues					
Property and Other Taxes		3,801,691		3,690,312	
Investment Income		29,330		53,686	
Gain (loss) on disposal of assets		-		2,985	
Miscellaneous Income		135,639		152,150	
Total Revenues	_	4,739,831		4,711,167	
Expenses					
General administration		668,155		412,722	
Judicial		573,621		615,698	
Legal		135,958		131,765	
Financial administration		361,648		349,262	
Public facilities		46,981		12,311	
Public safety		1,095,790		1,164,234	
Health and welfare		121,317		121,267	
Economic opportunity		28,853		39,689	
Other supported services		112,194		107,051	
Highway & street		1,146,019		1,229,064	
Interest on long-term debt		148,175		85,109	
Total expenditures		4,438,711	-	4,268,172	
Increase in Net Position		301,120		442,995	
Net Position - Beginning of Year		5,380,844		4,880,070	
Adjustment to beginning net position				57,779	
Net Position - End of Year	\$ _	5,681,964	\$	5,380,844	

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENTS FUNDS

As noted earlier, Fisher County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of Fisher County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing Fisher County's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, Fisher County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$3,664,962. Approximately 71 percent of this total amount, \$2,612,541 constitutes unassigned fund balance, which is available for spending at the government's discretion. The remainder of fund balance is assigned, committed or restricted for capital improvements, special revenue and debt service purposes to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has already been committed.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the County. \$2,780,019 of the general fund's fund balance is unassigned. The unassigned fund balance represents 98% of the total general fund expenditures or approximately 11.5 months of operating equity.

Fund Budgetary Highlights

The original budget for the General Fund reflected a budgeted surplus of \$63,332. Budget amendments were approved by the Commissioners and the adjusted budget reflected a budgeted deficit of \$318,709. The actual expenditures were \$167,142 less than the final budgeted amounts, and actual revenues were \$199,814 more than was budgeted. This resulted in a favorable budget variance of \$366,956 before other financing sources and uses.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets. Fisher County's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of September 30, 2020, amounts to \$8,038,617 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and improvements, vehicles, machinery and equipment, and infrastructure.

Fisher County's Capital Assets (net of depreciation)

		Activities	
		2020	2019
Land	\$	79,868 \$	79,868
Buildings and improvements		6,441,807	6,580,866
Machinery and equipment		1,491,460	1,101,571
Infrastructure		25,482	27,479
Total	\$	8,038,617 \$	7,789,784

Current year additions to capital outlays amounted to \$763,928 and \$119,398 of capital assets were disposed of. Depreciation expense was \$493,970 and \$444,849 for the years ended September 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively.

Debt Administration

The County has long term debt in the form of general obligation bonds, notes payable, and capital leases within the governmental activities. As of September 30, 2020, the County had long term debt as follows:

Governmental Activities:

General obligation bonds \$ 5,325,000 Notes payable 35,832 Capital leases payable 523,425

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

- The county adopted a 2020 property tax rate effective for its 2021 fiscal year of 0.757703 per \$100 property valuation. This is compared to the 2019 property tax rate of 0.815649 per \$100 property valuation.
- The County's 2020 fiscal year general fund budget proposed budgeted revenue of \$3,138,895 and budgeted expenses of \$3,030,530. Budgeted revenues are \$459,243 higher than the fiscal year 2020 adjusted budget, and the budgeted expense are \$32,079 more than the adjusted budgeted expenses for fiscal year 2020.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of Fisher County's finances for those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Fisher County Auditor, PO Box 126 Roby, Texas 79543; (325) 776-3255.



FISHER COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

	Prin	nary Government
	(Governmental
ASSETS:		Activities
Current:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,771,309
Investments		1,039,462
Receivables:		44.5.00
Property tax, net		115,700
Total Current assets		3,926,471
Non-current assets:		
Capital assets net of accumulated depreciation		8,038,617
Net pension asset		74,865
Total noncurrent assets		8,113,482
TOTAL ASSETS		12,039,953
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:		
Deferred outflows - pension and OPEB		520,833
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		12,560,786
LIABILITIES:		
Current:		
Accounts payable		115,425
Due to state		8,106
Accrued interest payable		36,906
Long-term liabilities:		
Long term debt - due in less than one year		470,499
Long term debt - due in more than one year		5,502,371
OPEB Liability		210,455
TOTAL LIABILITIES		6,343,762
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:		
Unearned grant revenue		22,278
Deferred inflows - pension and OPEB		512,782
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		535,060
NET POSITION:		
Net investment in capital assets		2,028,841
Restricted for debt service		193,697
Restricted for special revenue and capital improvements		498,082
Unrestricted		2,961,344
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	5,681,964
	· 	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

FISHER COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

					Primary
			Program Revenue		Government
		Charges for	Operating Grants and	Capital Grants and	Governmental
Function/Program	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities
	<u> </u>				
Primary Government:					
Governmental activities:					
General administration	\$ 668,155	·		\$	\$ (535,757)
Judicial	573,621	138,705	74,207		(360,709)
Legal	135,958	-	1,470		(134,488)
Financial administration	361,648	9,443	-		(352,205)
Public facilities	46,981	51 402	3,654		(43,327)
Public safety	1,095,790	51,403	14,858		(1,029,529)
Health and welfare	121,317		40,371		(80,946)
Economic opportunity	28,853				(28,853)
Other supported services	112,194	206 154	20.509		(112,194)
Road and bridge	1,146,019	286,154	20,508		(839,357)
Interest on long-term debt	148,175				(148,175)
Total governmental activities	4,438,711	495,165	278,006		(3,665,540)
Total primary government	\$ 4,438,711	\$ 495,165	\$ 278,006	\$	(3,665,540)
	General revenues:				
	Property taxes				3,801,691
	Investment incom	me			29,330
	Miscellaneous ir	ncome			135,639
	Total general reve	nues			3,966,660
	Total general level	nues			3,700,000
	Change in net po	osition			301,120
	Net position - begi	inning of year			5,380,844
	Net position - end	of year			\$ 5,681,964

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

		General Fund	Road and Bridge Fund	Debt Service Fund
ASSETS				
Cash and cash investments	\$	1,711,500 \$	467,032 \$	327,299
Investments		1,039,462		
Receivables:				
Taxes Receivable		111,890	12,464	23,642
Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes		(24,417)	(2,720)	(5,159)
Due from Other Funds	_	133,602		
TOTAL ASSETS	\$_	2,972,037 \$	476,776 \$	345,782
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable and accrued expenses Due to Other Funds	\$	82,267 \$	27,232 \$	133,602
Due to Others	_			
TOTAL LIABILITIES	_	82,267	27,232	133,602
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Unearned grant revenue		22,278		
Deferred revenue - property taxes	_	87,473	9,744	18,483
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS	_	109,751	9,744	18,483
FUND BLANCE				
Committed fund balance				
Assigned fund balance Restricted for debt service				102 607
Restricted for special revenue and capital improvements			439,800	193,697
Unassigned		2,780,019	432,800	
TOTAL FUND BALANCE		2,780,019	439,800	193,697
	_	_,, 00,019	,	1,0,0,1
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS				
OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCE	\$_	2,972,037 \$	476,776 \$	345,782

	Nonmajor		Total
	Governmental		Governmental
	Funds		Funds
_		,	
\$	265,478	\$	2,771,309
			1,039,462
			147,996
			(32,296)
			133,602
-		0	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
\$	265,478	\$	4,060,073
=			
\$	5,926	\$	115,425
			133,602
	8,106		8,106
-		•	
	14,032		257,133
-			
			22,278
			115,700
_			
			137,978
	237,516		237,516
	123,126		123,126
			193,697
	58,282		498,082
	(167,478)		2,612,541
-		•	
	251,446		3,664,962
-			
\$	265,478	\$	4,060,073

RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 3,664,962
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources, and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. The net effect is an increase in net position.	8,038,617
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures, therefore, are deferred in the governmental funds. Deferred revenue is recognized in the government-wide financial statements. This results is an increase in net position.	115,700
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds. The net effect is a decrease in net position.	(6,009,776)
Included on the government-wide financial statements is the recognition of the County's proportionate share of the OPEB liabilities of \$210,455 and a deferred outflow of resources of \$39,082 and deferred inflows of resources of \$15,225. The net effect is a decrease to net position.	(186,598)
Included on the government-wide financial statements is the recognition of the County's proportionate share of the net pension asset of \$74,865, a deferred outflow of resources of \$481,751, and a deferred inflow of resources of \$497,557. The net effect is to increase net position.	 59,059
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 5,681,964

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE $\underline{\text{GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS}}$

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

	 General Fund	Road and Bridge Fund	Debt Service Fund
REVENUES:			
Property taxes	\$ 2,446,375 \$	875,042 \$	475,186
Licenses and permits	140.620	286,152	
Fees and charges for services	149,638		
Intergovernmental	162,628		
Investment earnings Contribution and Donations	28,808		
Other miscellaneous	02 107	15,596	
Other miscenaneous	 92,107	15,390	
Total Revenues	 2,879,556	1,176,790	475,186
EXPENDITURES:			
Current:			
General administration	640,977		
Judicial	475,699		
Legal	132,661		
Financial administration	357,152		
Public facilities	0.5- 500		
Public safety	867,699		
Health and welfare	4,696	071 400	
Highway & street	20.602	871,409	
Economic opportunity	28,692		
Other supported services Debt service	107,514	00.000	165 501
	216 210	90,088	465,594
Capital outlay	 216,219	526,584	
Total Expenditures	 2,831,309	1,488,081	465,594
EXCESS (DEFICIT) OF REVENUES			
OVER EXPENDITURES	48,247	(311,291)	9,592
		,	•
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Proceeds from financing agreements Proceeds from sale of property		440,600	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		440,600	
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	48,247	129,309	9,592
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	 2,731,772	310,491	184,105
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 2,780,019 \$	439,800 \$	193,697

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

Nonmajor	Total
Governmental	Governmental
Funds	Funds
\$	\$ 3,796,603
59,375	345,527
,	149,638
115,378	278,006
522	29,330
8,595	8,595
19,341	127,044
17,511	127,011
203,211	4,734,743
	640,977
76,317	552,016
, .	132,661
	357,152
36,869	36,869
3,129	870,828
116,621	121,317
18,315	889,724
10,515	28,692
	107,514
	555,682
	742,803
	742,003
251,251	5,036,235
(48,040)	(301,492)
	440,600
	440,600
(48,040)	139,108
(12,210)	,0
299,486	3,525,854
\$ 251,446	\$ 3,664,962

$\frac{\text{RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES,}}{\text{AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS}}{\text{TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES}}$

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$	139,108
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Current year capital outlays are expenditures in the fund financial statements, but they are shown as increases in capital assets in the government-wide financial statements. The net effect of including capital outlays net of disposals is to increase net position.		742,803
Depreciation expense is not reflected in the governmental funds, but is recorded in the government-wide financial statements as an expense and an increase to accumulated depreciation. The net effect of current year depreciation expense is to decrease net position.		(493,970)
Revenue from property taxes and court fines are recognized in the fund financial statements on the modified accrual basis, but are recognized on the accrual basis in the government-wide financial statements. The net effect is to increase net position.		5,088
Current year payments on long-term debt are expenditures in the fund financial statements, but are shown as reductions of the debt in the government-wide financial statements. The net effect is to increase net position.		407,507
Current year proceeds from issuance of debt is not shown as revenue in the government-wide financial statements. The net effect is to decrease net position. financial statements. The net effect is to decrease net position.		(440,600)
The County's share of the unrecognized deferred inflows and outflows for the pension liability and the OPEB liability as of the measurement date must be amortized and the County's proportionate share of the pension expense and postemployment benefits must be recognized. The net effect is an decrease in net position	_	(58,816)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$	301,120

BALANCE SHEET FIDUCIARY FUNDS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

ASSETS	_	Agency Funds
Cash and cash investments	\$_	227,657
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ _	227,657
LIABILITIES		
Intergovernmental payable Due to others	\$	223,447 4,210
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$_	227,657

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Reporting Entity

Fisher County, Texas (the County) is a public corporation and political subdivision organized and existing under the Constitution and laws of the State of Texas. It was established in 1886. The County is located in West Texas and comprises a land area of 901 square miles. The county is governed by an elected Commissioners Court composed of the County Judge and four County Commissioners. It provides services involving public safety, health and social welfare, culture and recreation, conservation, and the construction, improvement, maintenance, and acquisition of roads, bridges, and rights-of-way, in addition to general administration.

The County prepares its basic financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles of the United States promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Council and other authoritative sources identified in Statement on Auditing Standards No. 69 of the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants; and it complies with the requirements of the appropriate version of the State of Texas uniform accounting requirements and the requirements of contracts and grants of agencies from which it receives funds.

The Commissioners Court (the Court) is elected by voters within Fisher County and has the authority to make decisions and significantly influence operations. It also has the primary accountability for fiscal matters. Therefore, the County is a financial reporting entity as defined by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) in its Statements No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity." There are no component units included within the reporting entity.

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by the program's revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Fund financial statements. Separate fund financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental Funds

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, fines, interest revenue, and revenue received from various governmental entities associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Sales taxes collected and held by the state at year-end on behalf of the County also are recognized as revenue. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The government reports the following major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> - The General Fund is the general operating fund of the County. It is used to account for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

<u>Debt Service Fund</u> – The Debt Service Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest and related costs.

<u>Road and Bridge Fund</u> – The Road and Bridge Fund is used to account for the resources for and the payments of expenses related to the repairs and maintenance of the County's roads and bridges.

Additionally, the government reports the following nonmajor governmental fund types:

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than special assessments, expendable trusts, or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – continued

Fiduciary Funds

Agency Funds - Agency Funds are used to account for assets held by the County as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments, and/or other funds. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement or results of operations. Formal budgetary accounting is not required for fiduciary funds. Since by definition, these assets are being held for the benefit of a third party and cannot be used to address activities or obligations of the government, these funds are not incorporated in the government-wide statements.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in the government-wide financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Governments also have the *option* of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to this same limitation. The government has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues*. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

In the fund financial statements, governmental special revenue, capital improvements, and debt service funds report restrictions of fund balances for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for specific purposes.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenditures during the reported period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Budget Policies

The County follows these procedures in establishing budgetary data reflected in the financial statements: Public hearings are conducted at the Fisher County Courthouse to obtain taxpayer comments. Prior to October 1, the budget is legally enacted through adoption of an order by the Commissioners' Court. Budgets are adopted for the general fund, debt service fund, and most special revenue funds. All budget amendments are approved by the Commissioners' Court.

The budgeted amounts presented in these statements are as originally adopted and as amended by the Commissioners' Court during the year ended September 30, 2020. All appropriations lapse at year end.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – continued

Assets, Liabilities, and Net position or Equity

Deposits and Investments

Policies and legal and contractual provisions governing deposits: The County's funds are required to be deposited and invested under the terms of a depository contract. The depository bank deposits for safekeeping and trust with the County's agent bank, approved pledged securities in an amount sufficient to protect county funds on a day-to-day basis during the period of the contract. The pledge of approved securities is waived only to the extent of the depository bank's dollar amount of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC).

Custodial credit risk: Deposits in financial institutions are carried at cost which approximates fair value. At September 30, 2020, the County had cash and cash investments, which represents cash on hand, demand deposits and savings accounts at federally insured local banks. At September 30, 2020, the County was fully insured by federal depository insurance and pledged securities held by the County's agent bank.

Statutes authorize the County to invest in 1) obligations of the U.S. Treasury or the State of Texas, 2) certificates of deposit, 3) certain municipal securities, 4) money market savings accounts, 5) repurchase agreements, 6) bankers acceptances, 7) mutual funds, 8) investment pools, 9) guaranteed investment contracts, and 10) common trust funds. The County is required by Governmental Code Chapter 2256, Public Funds Investment Act (PFIA), to adopt, implement, and publicize an investment policy. That policy must address the following areas: 1) safety or principal and liquidity, 2) portfolio diversification, 3) allowable investments, 4) acceptable risk levels, 5) expected rates of return, 6) maximum allowable stated maturity of portfolio investments, 7) maximum average dollar weighted maturity allowed based on the stated maturity date for the portfolio, 8) investment staff quality and capabilities, and 9) bid solicitation preferences for certificates of deposit.

Interest rate risk: For short term liquidity investment requirements, the County utilizes money market accounts with its depository bank.

Credit Risk: State law and County policy limits investments in local government investment pools to those rated no lower than AAA or an equivalent rating by at least one nationally recognized rating service. As of September 30, 2020, the County did not have any investments in public fund investment pools.

Concentration of credit risk: The County's investment policy does not limit investments in any one issuer except that the investment portfolio shall be diversified in terms of investment instruments, maturity scheduling, and financial institutions to reduce risk of loss resulting from overconcentration of assets in a specific class of investments, specific maturity, or specific issuer.

As of September 30, 2020, Fisher County had the following investments:

Certificates of Deposit-Primary Government Cost Basis Fair Value . 1,039,462 1,039,462

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – continued

Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds": (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans).

Property taxes are levied on October 1 in conformity with Subtitle E, Texas Property Code. Taxes are due on receipt of the tax bill and are delinquent if not paid before February 1. Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien as of January 1 to secure the payment of all taxes, penalties, and interest ultimately imposed. The Fisher Central Appraisal District assesses the property taxes for the County and the Fisher County Tax Assessor Collector collects the property taxes for the County. The County is permitted by the Municipal Finance Law of the State to levy taxes up to \$1.20 per \$100 of appraised valuation for general services, permanent improvements, lateral road, and jury fund purposes other than the payment of principal established by the Attorney General of the State of Texas. The tax rate for the year ended September 30, 2020 was \$0.7577039 per \$100 valuation.

All receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, and equipment, are reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. The County's policy is to capitalize assets costing \$5,000 or more and having an estimated life of two years or more. All capital assets are valued at their historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available.

Donated assets are valued at their fair market value on the date donated. Repairs and maintenance are recorded as expenses. Renewals and betterments which materially extend the useful lives of the capital assets are capitalized. Depreciable capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the asset's estimated useful life as follows:

Buildings	40 years
Building Improvements	30 years
Infrastructure	40 years
Machinery and equipment	5-10 years
Vehicles	5-10 years

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

Government Wide Financial Statements

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The County has deferred outflows of resources for the differences between projected and actual earnings for its pension plan and contributions made to the pension plan after the measurement date, but before the end of the fiscal year.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – continued

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The County has deferred inflows of resources for the differences in actual and project earnings and changes in assumptions related to the valuation of the net pension liability.

Fund Financial Statements

In addition to liabilities, the governmental funds balance sheet reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of fund balance that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. Deferred inflows of resources are reported in the governmental funds as unavailable revenues from tax revenue in the amount of \$115,700 an unearned grant funds of \$22,278.

Long-Term Debt

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt is reported as a liability in the governmental activities. The long-term debt of the County includes notes payable, general obligation bonds, and capital leases.

Compensated Absences

The County's maintains a vacation and personal time off policy for its full-time staff. The policy provides that full time employees earn 10 days vacation per year. Vacation benefits are lost at the end of the year if not taken, thus, no accumulation is allowed under the plan. Employees also earn personal time off of 12 days per year accumulated up to a maximum of 60 days. No unused personal time off benefits are paid upon termination of employment for any reason. As such, no liability is maintained for accumulated vacation or personal time off benefits.

Fund Balance Classification

The governmental fund financial statements present fund balances based on classifications that comprise a hierarchy that is based primarily on the extent to which the County is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the respective governmental funds can be spent. The classifications used in the governmental fund financial statements are as follows:

Nonspendable – This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The County had no fund balance classified as nonspendable at September 30, 2020.

Restricted – This classification includes amounts for which constraints have been placed on the use of the resources either (a) externally imposed by creditors (such as through a debt covenant), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Federal or state funds are restricted for use only for a specific use.

The County's fund balance included \$439,800 restricted for road and bridge repairs, \$58,282 for special revenue projects, and \$193,697 for future debt service requirements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – continued

Committed – This classification includes amounts that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the Board of Trustees. These amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (ordinance or resolution) that was employed when the funds were initially committed. This classification also includes contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements. The County had committed funds of \$237,516 at year end.

Assigned – This classification includes amounts that are constrained by the County Commissioners' intent to be used for a specific purpose but are neither restricted nor committed. This intent can be expressed by the Commissioners or through the Commissioners delegating this responsibility to management through the budgetary process. The County had \$123,126 of funds classified as assigned at year end.

Unassigned – This classification includes the residual fund balance for the General Fund. The unassigned classification also includes negative residual fund balance of any other governmental fund that cannot be eliminated by offsetting of Assigned fund balance amounts.

The County would typically use restricted fund balances first, followed by committed resources, and then assigned resources, as appropriate opportunities arise, but reserves the right to selectively spend unassigned resources first to defer the use of these other classified funds.

Subsequent Events

The County has evaluated subsequent events through May 8, 2021, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

NOTE 2: CAPITAL ASSET ACTIVITY

The changes in capital assets for the year ended September 30, 2020 are as follows:

		Balance			Balance
		September 30,			
Capital Assets		2019	Additions	Retirements	2020
Land	\$	79,868 \$		\$	79,868
Buildings and improvements		8,239,530	25,210		8,264,740
Machinery and equipment		4,251,442	738,717	(119,398)	4,870,761
Infrastructure		245,323			245,323
			_		
Total capital assets		12,816,163	763,927	(119,398)	13,460,692
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	_	_	
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings and improvements		1,658,664	164,268		1,822,932
Machinery and equipment		3,149,871	327,705	(98,274)	3,379,302
Infrastructure		217,844	1,997		219,841
		,	_	_	
Total accumulated depreciation		5,026,379	493,970	(98,274)	5,422,075
	_				
Governmental activities capital assets	\$	7,789,784 \$	269,957 \$	(21,124) \$	8,038,617

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

NOTE 2: CAPITAL ASSET ACTIVITY - continued

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Activities:

General administration	\$ 22,64	2
Judicial	11,98	0
Public safety	206,95	4
Public facilities	10,11	2
Other supporting services	2,16	0
Road and bridge	240,12	2
_	\$ 493.97	0

NOTE 3: LONG-TERM DEBT

A summary of changes in notes payable at September 30, 2020 is as follows:

	Balance					Balance
	October 1,					September
	2019	Additions		Retirements		30, 2020
•						
\$	5,640,000	\$	\$	315,000	\$	5,325,000
	94,943			6,330		88,613
_	52,421		_	16,589	_	35,832
\$	5,787,364	\$	\$	337,919	\$	5,449,445
	¢.	October 1, 2019 \$ 5,640,000 94,943 52,421	October 1, 2019 Additions \$ 5,640,000 \$ 94,943 52,421	October 1, 2019 Additions \$ 5,640,000 \$ \$ 94,943 52,421	October 1, 2019 Additions Retirements \$ 5,640,000 \$ \$ 315,000 94,943 6,330 52,421 16,589	October 1, 2019 Additions Retirements \$ 5,640,000 \$ 315,000 \$ 6,330 \$ 94,943 6,330 \$ 16,589

Current maturities of the outstanding long-term debt at September 30, 2020 are as follows:

Year		Principal	 Interest	Total
2021	\$	337,460	\$ 145,750	\$ 483,210
2022		343,372	138,389	481,761
2023		335,000	130,819	465,819
2024		340,000	123,218	463,218
2025		350,000	114,593	464,593
2026-2030		1,910,000	411,294	2,321,294
2031-2034	_	1,745,000	 108,716	 1,853,716
	\$	5,360,832	\$ 1,172,779	\$ 6,533,611

Long-term notes and bonds payable are comprised of the following:

The General Obligation Bonds were issued 02/17/2015 in the amount of \$6,745,000. The bonds have an annual interest rate between 2.0% and 3.125%. The bonds are due in semi-annual interest and principal payments with the final payments on February 15, 2034. The balance at year end is \$5,325,000.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

NOTE 3: LONG-TERM DEBT - continued

The County entered into a note payable agreement with First National Bank Rotan on November 9, 2018 in the amount of \$52,421 to purchase a John Deer Tractor. The note is due in annual installments of \$19,341 with an interest rate of 5.25%. The final interest and principal payment is due November 9, 2021. The principal balance at September 30, 2020 is 35,832.

NOTE 4: CAPITAL LEASE OBLIGATIONS

A capital lease agreement for the purchase of equipment was entered into on March 18, 2011. The original amount of the capital lease was \$222,500 and called for yearly payments of \$29,774. The final lease payment was paid March 18, 2020 and there was no remaining balance on this lease at year end.

A capital lease agreement for the purchase of equipment was entered into on June 19, 2017. The original amount of the capital lease was \$202,510 and called for yearly payments of \$43,150. The final lease payment is due June 19, 2022 and the capital lease payable balance at year end was \$82,825.

A capital lease agreement for the purchase of equipment was entered into on June 4, 2020. The original amount of the capital lease was \$185,300 and called for yearly payments of \$39,453. The final lease payment is due June 4, 2025 and the capital lease payable balance at year end was \$185,300.

A capital lease agreement for the purchase of equipment was entered into on July 29, 2020. The original amount of the capital lease was \$255,300 and called for yearly payments of \$54,298. The final lease payment is due June 29, 2025 and the capital lease payable balance at year end was \$255,300.

A summary of changes in the capital lease obligations at September 30, 2020 is as follows

	Balance				Balance
	October 1,				September
	2019		Additions	Retirements	30, 2020
					_
Capital Leases - Equipment \$	144,111	\$_	440,600	\$ 61,286	\$ 523,425

The remaining capital lease payments are as follows:

Year		Principal	_	Interest	Total
2021	\$	131,709	\$	5,192 \$	136,901
2022		125,764		11,136	136,900
2023		86,171		7,580	93,751
2024		88,627		5,124	93,751
2025	_	91,154	_	2,596	93,750
	\$	523,425	\$	31,628 \$	555,053

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

NOTE 5: RETIREMENT PLAN

Plan Description

The County provides retirement, disability, and death benefits for all of its full-time employees through a nontraditional defined benefit pension plan in the statewide Texas County and District Retirement System (the TCDRS). The Commissioners are responsible for the administration of the statewide agent multi-employer public employee retirement system consisting of almost 800 nontraditional defined benefit pension plans. TCDRS in the aggregate issues a comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) on a calendar year basis. The CAFR is available upon written request from the TCDRS Board of Trustees at P.O. Box 2034, Austin, Texas 78768-2034.

Benefits Provided

The plan provisions are adopted by the governing body of the employer, within the options available in the state statutes governing the TCDRS (TCDRS Act). Members employed by Fisher County can retire at age 60 and above with eight or more years of service, with 30 years of service, regardless of age, or when the sum of their age and years of service equals 75 or more. Members are vested after eight years of employment but must leave their accumulated contributions in the plan to receive any employer-financed benefits.

Benefit amounts are determined by the sum of the employee's contributions to the plan, with interest, and employer-financed monetary credits. The level of these monetary credits is adopted by the County within the actuarial constraints imposed by the TCDRS Act so that the resulting benefits can be expected to be adequately financed by the employer's commitment to contribute. At retirement, death, or disability, the benefit is calculated by converting the sum of the employee's accumulated contributions and the employer-financed monetary credits to a monthly annuity using annuity purchase rates prescribed by the TCDRS Act. There are no automatic post-employment benefit changes; including automatic COLA's. Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes, including ad hoc COLA's, can be granted by the County Commissioners within certain guidelines.

Membership

The County membership in the TCDRS plan at December 31, 2019 consisted of the following:

Number of benefit recipients	47
Number of inactive employees entitled to	
but not yet receiving benefits	107
Number of active employees	67

Contributions

The County has elected the annually determined contribution rate (Variable-Rate) plan provisions of the TCDRS Act. The plan is funded by monthly contributions from both employee members and the County based on the covered payroll of employee members. Under the TCDRS Act, the contribution rate of the county is actuarially determined annually. The employee contribution rate and the employer contribution rate may be changed by the governing body of the County within the options available in the TCDRS Act.

The rate the County contributed for the months of the accounting year in 2019 and 2020 were 8.23%. The deposit rate payable by the employee members for the calendar year 2019 and 2020 is the rate of 7.00% as adopted by the governing body of the County. The total retirement contributions made by the County were \$131,083 for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

NOTE 5: RETIREMENT PLAN - continued

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability at December 31, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

ariai assamptions.	
Valuation Timing	Actuarially determined contributions rates are calculated on a calendar year basis as of December 31, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which the contributions are reported.
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method:	Straight-line amortization over Expected Working Life
Asset Valuation Method	Smoothing period, 5 years
	Recognition method, Non-asymptotic
	Corridor, None
Inflation	2.75%
Salary Increases	4.9% average over career including inflation
Investment Rate of Return	8.10%
Cost of Living Adjustments	Cost-of living adjustments for Fisher County are not considered to be substantively automatic under GASB 68. Therefore, no assumption for future cost-of-living adjustments is included in the GASB calculations. No assumption for future cost-of-living adjustments is included in the funding valuation.

The actuarial assumptions that determined the total pension liability as of December 31, 2019 were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2013 to December 31, 2016, except where required to be different by GASB 68. The assumptions and methods are the same as used in the prior valuation.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension asset was 8.10%. There was no change in the discount rate since the previous year.

In order to determine the discount rate to be used, we have used an alternative method to determine the sufficiency of the fiduciary net position in all future years. This alternative method reflects the funding requirements under our funding policy and the legal requirements under the TCDRS Act:

- 1) TCDRS has a funding policy where the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) shall be amortized as a level percent of pay over 20 year closed layered periods.
- 2) Under the TCRDS Act, the employer is legally required to make the contribution specified in the funding policy
- 3) The employer's assets are projected to exceed its accrued liabilities in 20 years or less. When this point is reached, the employer is still required to contribute at least the normal cost.
- 4) Any increased cost due to the adoption of a cost-of-living adjustment is required to be funded over a period of 15 years, if applicable.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

NOTE 5: RETIREMENT PLAN - continued

Based on the above, the projected fiduciary net position is determined to be sufficient compared to projected benefit payments. Based on the expected level of cash flows and investment returns to the system, the fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability is projected to increase from its current level in future years.

Since the projected fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay projected benefit payments in all future year, the discount rate for purposes of calculating the total pension liability and net pension liability is equal to the long-term assumed rate of return on investments. This long-term assumed rate of return should be net of investment expenses, but gross of administrative expenses.

Therefore, we have used a discount rate of 8.10%. This rate reflects the long-term assumed rate of return on assets for funding purposes of 8.0%, net of all expenses, increased by .10% to be gross of administrative expenses.

The long-term expected rate of return on TCDRS assets is determined by adding expected inflation to expected long-term real returns, and reflecting expected volatility and correlation. The capital market assumptions and information shown below are provided by TCDRS's investment consultant, Cliffwater LLC. The numbers shown are based on January 2016 information for a 7-10 year time horizon.

Note that the valuation assumptions for long-term expected return is re-assessed at a minimum of every four years, and is based on a 30-year time horizon; the most recent analysis was performed in 2017 based on the period January 1, 2013 to December 31, 2016. Best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in the target asset allocation are summarized below:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

Geometric

NOTE 5: RETIREMENT PLAN - continued

			Geometric
			Real Rate of
			Return
			(Expected
		Target	minus
Asset Class	Benchmark	Allocation	inflation)
	Dow Jones US Total Stock Market		
US Equities	Index	14.50%	5.20%
	Cambridge Associates Global Private		
Private Equity	Equity & Venture Capital Index	20.00%	8.20%
Global Equities	MSCI World (net) Index	2.50%	5.50%
International Equities-			
Developed	MSCI World Ex USA (net) Index	7.00%	5.20%
International Equities-			
Emerging	MSCI Emerging Markets (net) Index	7.00%	5.70%
	Bloomberg Barclays US Aggregate		
Investment Grade Bonds	Bond Index	3.00%	-0.20%
	FTSE High-Yield Cash-Pay Capped		
Strategic Credit	Index	12.00%	3.14%
Direct Lending	S&P/LSTA Leveraged Loan Index	11.00%	7.16%
	Cambridge Associates Distressed		
Distressed Debt	Securities Index	4.00%	6.90%
	67% FTSE NAREIT Equity REIT's		
	Index + 33% S&P Global REIT (net)		
REIT Equities	Index	3.00%	4.50%
Master Limited			
Partnerships (MLP's)	Alerian MLP Index	2.00%	8.40%
Private Real Estate	Cambridge Associates Real Estate		
Partnerships	Index	6.00%	5.50%
	Hedge Fund Research, Inc. (HFRI)		
Hedge Funds	Fund of Funds Composite Index	8.00%	2.30%

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u>

At September 30, 2020, the County reported a net pension asset of \$74,865 for its proportionate share of the TCDRS's net pension liability measured at December 31, 2019. For the year ended September 30, 2020, the County recognized pension expense of \$184,452.

There were no changes of assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the total pension liability during the measurement period.

There were no changes of benefit terms that affected measurement of the total pension liability during the measurement period.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

NOTE 5: RETIREMENT PLAN - continued

Changes in the net pension liability for the County for the measurement year ended December 31, 2019 are as follows:

	Increase (Decrease)						
Changes in Net Pension Liability/(Asset)	Total Pension	Fiduciary Net	Net Pension				
	Liability (a)	Position (b)	Liability/(Asset)				
			(a) - (b)				
Balance at December 31, 2018	\$ 5,617,659	\$ 5,227,370	\$ 390,289				
Changes for the year:							
Service Cost	183,491		183,491				
Interest on total pension liability	451,208		451,208				
Effect of plan changes							
Effect of economic/demographic gains or losses	(13,659)		(13,659)				
Effect of assumptions changes or inputs							
Benefit payments, net of refunds	(470,535)	(470,535)					
Administrative expenses		(4,453)	4,453				
Member contributions		109,850	(109,850)				
Net investment income		858,673	(858,673)				
Employer contributions		129,233	(129,233)				
Other	(1)	(7,110)	7,109				
Balances as of December 31, 2019	\$5,768,163	\$5,843,028	\$ (74,865)				

Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis

The following presents the net pension liability/(asset) of the County calculated using the discount rate of 8.10%, as well as what the County's combined net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (7.10%) or 1 percentage point higher (9.10%) than the current rate.

	1% Decrease in	Discount Rate	1% Increase in	
	Discount Rate	(8.10%)	Discount Rate	
	(7.10%)		(9.100%)	
Total Pension Liability	\$ 6,368,724	\$ 5,768,163	\$ 5,254,647	
Fiduciary Net Position	5,843,028	5,853,028	5,853,028	
Net Pension Liability/(Asset)	\$ 525,696	\$ (74,865)	\$ (588,381)	

At December 31, 2019, the County reported its share of the TCDRS's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences in investment gains or losses	\$	331,985	\$	488,451
Changes in actuarial assumptions				
Difference in economic/demographic gains or losses		53,759		9,106
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		96,007		
Total	\$	481,751	\$	497,557

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

NOTE 5: RETIREMENT PLAN - continued

\$96,007 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability for the year ended September 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended December 31:		
2020	\$ 8,551	
2021	(51,099)	
2022	19,718	
2023	(88,983)	
2024	0	
Thereafter	0	
	\$ (111,813)	

Note 6: OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT LIABITY – TCDRS GROUP TERM LIFE

The County participates in a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit group-term life insurance plan operated by the Texas County & District Retirement System known as the Group Term Life (GTL) program. This optional plan provides group term life insurance coverage to current eligible employees, and if elected by employers, to retired employees. The coverage provided to retired employees is a postemployment benefit other than pension benefits (OPEB). Retired employees are insured for \$5,000.

Contributions made to the retiree GTL program are held in the GTL Fund. The GTL Fund does not meet the requirements of a trust under Paragraph 4b of GASB 75, as the assets of the GTL fund can be used to pay active GTL benefits which are not part of the OPEB plan.

Employees covered by benefit terms

At the December 31, 2019 valuation and measurement date, the following employees were covered by the GTL:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	40
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	15
Active employees	67

OPEB Liability

The County's total OPEB liability related to the TCDRS GTL program, measured as of December 31, 2019 was \$210,455, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

All actuarial assumptions and methods that determine the OPEB liability as of December 31, 2019 were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2013 to December 31, 2016, except where required to be different by GASB 75.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

Note 6: OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT LIABIITY - TCDRS GROUP TERM LIFE - continued

Actuarial assumptions:

The OPEB liability in the December 31, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions.

Valuation Timing	Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated on a calendar year basis as of December 31, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which the contributions are reported.	
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry age normal	
Amortization Method	Straight-Line amortization over Expected Working Life	
Investment Rate of Return	2.74% - 20 Year Bond GO Index published by	
	bondbuyer.com as of December 31, 2019	

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2013 to December 31, 2016.

Changes in the OPEB Liability	Total OPEB
·	Liability (a)
Balance as 12/31/2018	\$ 171,622
Changes for the year:	
Service cost	5,891
Interest on total OPEB liability	7,017
Change of benefit terms	
Effect of economic/demographic experience	2,275
Effect of assumption changes or inputs	36,518
Benefit Payments	(12,868)
Other changes	
Net Changes	(38,833)
Balance 12/31/2019	\$ 210,455

Sensitivity of the OPEB Liability to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the OPEB liability of the County, calculated using the discount rate of 2.74%, as well as what the County's OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (1.74%) or 1-percentage-point higher (3.74%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase in
	in Discount	(2.74%)	Discount Rate
	Rate (1.74%)		(3.74%)
County's OPEB Liability	\$ 246,134	\$ 210,455	\$ 182,512

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended September 30, 2020, the County recognized OPEB expense (benefit) of \$16,175.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

Note 6: OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT LIABITY - TCDRS GROUP TERM LIFE - continued

At September 30, 2020, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual economic experience		
Changes in actuarial assumptions	31,896	9,841
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings	1,820	5,384
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	5,366	
Total	\$ 39,082	\$ 15,225

The deferred outflows balance includes contributions subsequent to the measurement date of \$5,366. This amount will be recognized as a reduction of the OPEB liability for the year ending September 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended December 31:									
2020	\$ 3,267								
2021	3,268								
2022	4,199								
2023	7,757								
2024									
Thereafter									
Total	\$ 18,491								

NOTE 7: RISK MANAGEMENT

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omission; and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2020, the County purchased commercial insurance to cover general liabilities. There were no significant reductions in coverage in the past fiscal year and there were no settlements exceeding insurance coverage for each of the past three fiscal years.

NOTE 8: FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The County has estimated that the fair value of all financial instruments (none of which is held for trading purposes) at September 30, 2020, does not differ materially from their aggregate carrying values recorded in the accompanying statement of financial position. The estimate is based on the assumption that fair value approximates carrying values due to short initial maturities. Financial instruments consist of cash, accounts receivables, prepaid expenses, accounts payable, and payroll liabilities.



STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - $\underline{\text{BUDGET AND ACTUAL}}$ - GENERAL FUND

	_	Ві	ıdge	et		Variance
DEVENIUM	_	Original		Amended	Actual	Favorable (Unfavorable)
REVENUES: Property taxes	\$	2,418,322	Φ	2,418,322 \$	2,446,375 \$	28,053
Fees and charges for services	Ф	139,950	Ф	139,950	149,638	9,688
Intergovernmental		57,109		57,109	162,628	105,519
Investment earnings		38,400		38,400	28,808	(9,592)
Other miscellaneous		25,961		25,961	92,107	66,146
Total Revenues	_	2,679,742	_	2,679,742	2,879,556	199,814
	_	_,075,712	_	_,0,7,,,	2,079,000	
EXPENDITURES:						
Current:		120.276		724.000	640.077	02.122
General administration		439,376		724,099	640,977	83,122
Judicial		514,490		514,477	475,699	38,778
Legal Financial administration		134,203 357,143		134,203 357,918	132,661 357,152	1,542 766
Public safety		1,010,102		1,104,497	867,699	236,798
Health and welfare		1,010,102		14,000	4,696	9,304
Economic development		42,736		42,736	28,692	14,044
Other supported services		104,360		106,521	107,514	(993)
Capital outlay		101,500		100,521	216,219	(216,219)
1	_				<u> </u>	
Total Expenditures	_	2,616,410	_	2,998,451	2,831,309	167,142
EXCESS (DEFICIT) OF REVENUES						
OVER EXPENDITURES		63,332		(318,709)	48,247	366,956
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Proceeds from financing agreements						
Proceeds from sale of property	_					
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	_		_			
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		63,332		(318,709)	48,247	366,956
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR Adjustment to beginning fund balance	_	2,731,772		2,731,772	2,731,772	
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$_	2,795,104	\$_	2,413,063 \$	2,780,019 \$	366,956

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - $\underline{\text{BUDGET AND ACTUAL - ROAD AND BRIDGE FUND}}$

	_	Bu	ıdg	et		Variance
	_	Original	_	Amended	Actual	Favorable (Unfavorable)
REVENUES: Property taxes Licenses and permits Intergovernmental	\$	879,678 244,000	\$	879,678 \$ 244,000	875,042 S 286,152	\$ (4,636) 42,152
Other miscellaneous	_		. <u>-</u>		15,596	15,596
Total Revenues	_	1,123,678	_	1,123,678	1,176,790	53,112
EXPENDITURES: Current:						
Road and bridge Debt service		1,124,355 92,268		1,058,334 92,268	871,409 90,088	186,925 2,180
Capital outlay	-	72,200	_	85,984	526,584	(440,600)
Total Expenditures	_	1,216,623	_	1,236,586	1,488,081	(251,495)
EXCESS (DEFICIT) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		(92,945)		(112,908)	(311,291)	(198,383)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Financing arrangements Proceeds from sale of property	<u>-</u>		. <u>-</u>		440,600	440,600
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	-		. <u>-</u>		440,600	440,600
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(92,945)		(112,908)	129,309	242,217
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	=	310,491		310,491	310,491	
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$_	217,546	\$_	197,583 \$	439,800	\$ 242,217

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS

Texas County & District Retirement System

For Fiscal Year 2020

Year Ending September 30,	Actuarially Determined Contribution	Actual Employer Contribution	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	Pensionable Covered Payroll (1)	_	Actual Contribution as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
2011	\$ N/A	\$ N/A	\$ N/A	\$ N/A	\$	N/A
2012	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		N/A
2013	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		N/A
2014	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		N/A
2015	116,314	116,314	N/A	1,437,726		N/A
2016	111,260	111,260	-	1,338,107		8.31%
2017	116,339	116,339	-	1,424,463		8.17%
2018	115,829	115,829	-	1,407,404		8.23%
2019	127,782	127,782	-	1,552,642		8.23%
2020	131,106	131,106	-	1,593,019		8.23%

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

Note A: Net Pension Liability - Texas County & District Retirement System

Assumptions

The following methods and assumptions were used to determine contribution rates:

Valuation date

Actuarially determined contributions rates are calculated as of December 31, two

years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Actuarial cost method Entry age

Amortization method Level percentage of payroll, closed

Remaining amortization period 4.6 years (based on contribution rate calculated in 12/31/2019 valuation)

Asset valuation method 5-year smoothed market

Inflation 2.75%

Salary increases Varies by age and service. 4.9%, average over career, including inflation

Investment rate of return 8.00%, including inflation

Retirement Age Members who are eligible for service retirement age assumed to commence

receiving benefit payments based on age. The average age at service retirement

for recent retirees is 61.

Mortality 130% of the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table for males and 110% of

the RP-2014 Health Annuitant Mortality Table for females, both projected with

110% of the MP-2014 Ultimate scale after 2014.

Changes in Assumptions and

Methods Reflected in the Schedule of

Employer Contributions

2015: New inflation, mortality and other assumptions were reflected.

2017: New mortality assumptions were reflected

Changes in Plan Provisions Reflected

in the Schedule of Employer

Contributions

2015 and 2016: No changes in plan provisions were reflected in the Schedule.

2017: New Annuity Purchase rates were reflected for benefits earned after 2017

2018: Employer Contributions reflect that the current service matching rate

was increased to 150% for future benefits.

2019: No changes in plan provisions were reflected in the schedule.

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

<u>Last 10 Years (will ultimately be displayed)</u>

YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31

	_	2019	2018	_	2017
Total Pension Liability					
Service cost	\$	183,491 \$	117,973	\$	161,940
Interest (on the Total Pension Liability)		451,208	425,473		414,905
Effect of plan changes		-	-		47,838
Effect of assumption changes or inputs		-	-		39,431
Effect of economic/demographic (gains) or losses		(13,659)	161,279		(70,163)
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	_	(470,535)	(435,214)		(404,426)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability		150,505	269,511		189,525
Total Pension Liability - Beginning	_	5,617,659	5,348,149	_	5,158,624
Total Pension Liability - Ending (a)	\$_	5,768,164 \$	5,617,660	\$	5,348,149
Plan Fiduciary Net Position					
Contributions - Employer	\$	129,233 \$	145,725	\$	94,937
Contributions - Employee		109,850	123,946		80,749
Net Investment Income		858,673	(104,423)		728,021
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(470,535)	(435,214)		(404,426)
Administrative Expense		(4,453)	(4,199)		(3,662)
Other	_	(7,109)	(4,379)		(2,478)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position		615,659	(278,544)		493,141
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning	. –	5,227,370	5,505,914		5,012,774
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	\$ =	5,843,029 \$	5,227,370	\$ <u></u>	5,505,915
Net Pension Liability - Ending (a)-(b)	\$	(74,865) \$	390,290	\$	(157,766)
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of					
Total Pension Liability		101.30%	93.05%		102.95%
Covered Employee Payroll		1,569,290	1,770,655	\$	1,153,551
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll		-4.77%	22.04%		-13.68%

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

<u>Last 10 Years (will ultimately be displayed)</u>

YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31

	_	2016	2015	2014
Total Pension Liability				
Service cost	\$	147,394 \$	138,402	\$ 142,150
Interest (on the Total Pension Liability)		392,073	377,583	361,409
Changes of benefit terms			(18,859)	-
Difference between expected and actual experience			64,221	-
Change of assumptions		39,781	1,615	(12,705)
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(370,335)	(362,305)	(262,774)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability		208,913	200,657	228,080
Total Pension Liability - Beginning	_	4,949,711	4,749,054	4,520,974
Total Pension Liability - Ending (a)	\$_	5,158,624 \$	4,949,711	\$ 4,749,054
Plan Fiduciary Net Position				
Contributions - Employer	\$	117,243 \$	118,768	\$ 114,848
Contributions - Employee		99,721	101,017	97,684
Net Investment Income		351,143	67,287	310,150
Benefit payments, including refunds		(370,335)	(362,305)	(262,774)
Administrative Expense		(3,805)	(3,408)	(3,556)
Other		84,340	64,967	(4,395)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position		278,307	(13,674)	251,957
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning		4,734,467	4,748,142	4,496,185
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	\$	5,012,774 \$	4,734,468	\$ 4,748,142
Net Pension Liability - Ending (a)-(b)	\$	145,850 \$	215,243	\$ 912
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of				
Total Pension Liability		97.17%	95.65%	99.98%
Covered Employee Payroll	\$	1,424,585 \$	1,443,105	\$ 1,395,480
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll		10.24%	14.92%	0.07%

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

Last 10 Years (will ultimately be displayed)

YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31

		2019	 2018	2017
Total OPEB Liability Group Term Life Insurance				
Service cost	\$	5,891	\$ 5,358 \$	7,025
Interest (on the Total Pension Liability) Effect of plan changes		7,017	6,460	7,103
Effect of assumption changes or inputs		36,518	(16,401)	6,705
Effect of economic/demographic (gains) or losses Benefit payments, including refunds		2,275 (12,868)	(1,399) (9,562)	(11,363) (6,345)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability		38,833	 (15,544)	3,125
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning Total OPEB Liability - Ending (a)	\$	171,622 210,455	\$ 187,166 171,622 \$	184,041 187,166
Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)		-	-	-
Net OPEB Liability - Ending (a)-(b)	\$_	210,455	\$ 171,622 \$	187,166
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total OPEB Liability		0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Covered Employee Payroll	\$	1,569,290	\$ 1,770,655 \$	1,153,551
Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll		13.41%	9.69%	16.23%



ASSETS	-	Lateral Road Precinct 1	-	Lateral Road Precinct 2	 Lateral Road Precinct 3	Lateral Road Precinct 4
Cash and cash investments Intergovernmental receivable	\$	1,313	\$	1,880	\$ (20) \$	3,166
Total Assets	\$ _	1,313	\$	1,880	\$ (20)	3,166
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable Due to others	\$		\$		\$ 9	S
Total Liabilities	-		-		 	
FUND EQUITY						
Restricted fund balances Committed fund balances Assigned fund balances Unassigned fund balance	<u>-</u>	1,313	-	1,880	 (20)	3,166
Total Fund Balance	-	1,313	-	1,880	 (20)	3,166
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$	1,313	\$	1,880	\$ (20)	3,166

ASSETS		Court Records Preservation	_	C&D Court Technology	•	District Court Records Technology		Commissary
Cash and cash investments Intergovernmental receivable	\$	5,513	\$_	582	\$	4,862	\$	3,296
Total Assets	\$ _	5,513	\$=	582	\$	4,862	\$	3,296
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable Due to others	\$		\$_		\$		\$	
Total Liabilities			_					
FUND EQUITY								
Restricted fund balances Committed fund balances Assigned fund balances Unassigned fund balance	_	5,513		582		4,862	. <u>-</u>	3,296
Total Fund Balance	_	5,513	_	582	•	4,862		3,296
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$_	5,513	\$_	582	\$	4,862	\$	3,296

ASSETS	_	Election Services	_	County Escrow Fund	- <u>-</u>	County Clerk Archives		Judicial Training Fund
Cash and cash investments Intergovernmental receivable	\$	1,082	\$	18,679	\$	70,077	\$_	1,016
Total Assets	\$_	1,082	\$_	18,679	\$_	70,077	\$_	1,016
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable Due to others	\$		\$		\$	1,296	\$	
Total Liabilities	_		-			1,296	-	
FUND EQUITY								
Restricted fund balances Committed fund balances Assigned fund balances Unassigned fund balance	_	1,082		18,679	<u> </u>	68,781		1,016
Total Fund Balance	_	1,082	. <u> </u>	18,679		68,781		1,016
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$_	1,082	\$	18,679	\$_	70,077	\$_	1,016

ASSETS	_	County Clerk Preservation	 Law Library Fund		District Clerk Preservation		Court House Security
Cash and cash investments Intergovernmental receivable	\$	27,060	\$ 14,727	\$	1,823	\$	29,934
Total Assets	\$ _	27,060	\$ 14,727	\$_	1,823	\$_	29,934
LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable Due to others	\$	1,312	\$	\$		\$	
Total Liabilities	-	1,312		_			
FUND EQUITY							
Restricted fund balances Committed fund balances Assigned fund balances Unassigned fund balance	_	25,748	 14,727	. <u>-</u>	1,823	. <u>-</u>	29,934
Total Fund Balance	_	25,748	 14,727	. <u>-</u>	1,823		29,934
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$_	27,060	\$ 14,727	\$_	1,823	\$_	29,934

ASSETS	-	County Preservation	· -	Hot Check Fund	-	Bail Bond Fund	 State Criminal and Civil Fees
Cash and cash investments Intergovernmental receivable	\$	4,014	\$	2,766	\$	35,586	\$ 112,553
Total Assets	\$	4,014	\$ _	2,766	\$	35,586	\$ 112,553
LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable Due to others	\$		\$		\$		\$ 8,106
Total Liabilities	-		-		-		 8,106
FUND EQUITY							
Restricted fund balances Committed fund balances Assigned fund balances Unassigned fund balance	_	4,014		2,766	ı <u>-</u>	35,586	 104,447
Total Fund Balance	-	4,014	· -	2,766	-	35,586	 104,447
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$	4,014	\$	2,766	\$	35,586	\$ 112,553

ASSETS	_	Senior Citizens Fund	Leose Grant		Justice Court Technology		Drug Forfeiture
ASSETS							
Cash and cash investments Intergovernmental receivable	\$ 	(154,344) \$	3,787	\$	8,905	\$	45,390
Total Assets	\$_	(154,344) \$	3,787	\$_	8,905	\$ =	45,390
LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable Due to others	\$	3,275 \$		\$		\$	
Total Liabilities	_	3,275					
FUND EQUITY							
Restricted fund balances Committed fund balances Assigned fund balances		(157 (10)	3,787		8,905		45,390
Unassigned fund balance	_	(157,619)					
Total Fund Balance	_	(157,619)	3,787		8,905		45,390
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$	(154,344) \$	3,787	\$_	8,905	\$_	45,390

ASSETS	_	Airport Fund		Pre-Trial Checking	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
Cash and cash investments Intergovernmental receivable	\$	(9,816)	\$	31,647	\$ 265,478
Total Assets	\$	(9,816)	\$	31,647	\$ 265,478
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable Due to others	\$	43	\$		\$ 5,926 8,106
Total Liabilities		43			14,032
FUND EQUITY					
Restricted fund balances Committed fund balances Assigned fund balances Unassigned fund balance	_	(9,859)	-	31,647	58,282 237,516 123,126 (167,478)
Total Fund Balance	_	(9,859)		31,647	251,446
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$	(9,816)	\$	31,647	\$ 265,478

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

	Lateral Road Precinct 1		Lateral Road Precinct 2		Lateral Road Precinct 3	Lateral Road Precinct 4
REVENUES:		_		_	•	
Licenses and Permits Intergovernmental Investment Earnings Contributions & Donations	\$ 5,127	\$	5,127	\$	5,127	5,127
Other Revenue						
Total Revenues	5,127		5,127		5,127	5,127
EXPENDITURES:						
Current:						
Judicial						
Elections						
Public Safety						
Public Works						
Highways & Streets	4,733		4,975		5,133	3,474
Health and Welfare Capital						
Total Expenditures	4,733		4,975		5,133	3,474
Total Expenditures	4,733		4,973		3,133	3,4/4
EXCESS (DEFICIT) OF REVENUES						
OVER EXPENDITURES	394		152		(6)	1,653
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers in Transfers out				•		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		,				
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	394		152		(6)	1,653
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	919	·	1,728		(14)	1,513
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 1,313	\$	1,880	\$	(20) \$	3,166

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

	Court Records Preservation	C&D Court Technology		District Court Records Technology		Commissary
REVENUES:					,	
Licenses and Permits	\$ \$		\$		\$	
Intergovernmental	490	50		500		
Investment Earnings						20
Contributions & Donations						
Other Revenue			•			681
Total Revenues	490	50	•	500	•	701
EXPENDITURES:						
Current:						
Judicial						
Elections						
Public Safety						
Public Works						
Highways & Streets						
Health and Welfare						
Capital						
Total Expenditures			•			
EXCESS (DEFICIT) OF REVENUES						
OVER EXPENDITURES	490	50		500		701
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Transfers in						
Transfers out						
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)					•	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	490	50		500		701
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	5,023	532		4,362	,	2,595
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 5,513 \$	582	\$	4,862	\$	3,296

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

		Election Services		County Escrow Fund		County Clerk Archives		Judicial Training Fund
REVENUES:	_						-	
Licenses and Permits	\$		\$		\$		\$	
Intergovernmental		661				21,581		75
Investment Earnings Contributions & Donations								
Other Revenue								
Other Revenue	_						-	
Total Revenues	_	661				21,581	_	75
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
Judicial						21,870		
Elections								
Public Safety								
Public Works								
Highways & Streets								
Health and Welfare								
Capital Total Expenditures	_					21,870	-	
Total Expenditures	_					21,870	-	
EXCESS (DEFICIT) OF REVENUES								
OVER EXPENDITURES		661				(289)		75
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Transfers in								
Transfers out								
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	_						-	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		661				(289)		75
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	_	421		18,679		69,070	-	941
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$_	1,082	\$_	18,679	\$_	68,781	\$	1,016

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

		County Clerk Preservation		Law Library Fund	District Clerk Preservation		Court House Security
REVENUES:	•		_	_		_	<u> </u>
Licenses and Permits	\$		\$	\$		\$	
Intergovernmental		21,814		1,470	203		3,653
Investment Earnings							
Contributions & Donations							
Other Revenue			-			_	
Total Revenues		21,814		1,470	203	_	3,653
EXPENDITURES:							
Current:							
Judicial		5,937					400
Elections							
Public Safety							
Public Works							
Highways & Streets							
Health and Welfare							
Capital			_			_	
Total Expenditures		5,937				_	400
EXCESS (DEFICIT) OF REVENUES							
OVER EXPENDITURES		15,877		1,470	203		3,253
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Transfers in							
Transfers out							
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	•		_			_	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		15,877		1,470	203		3,253
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	•	9,871		13,257	1,620	_	26,681
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	25,748	\$_	14,727 \$	1,823	\$ _	29,934

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

		County Preservation	Hot Check Fund	Bail Bond Fund	State Criminal and Civil Fees
REVENUES:	_	_	_		
Licenses and Permits	\$	\$	\$	315 \$	45,946
Intergovernmental		450			578
Investment Earnings					
Contributions & Donations					
Other Revenue	_		558	12,202	5,900
Total Revenues	_	450	558	12,517	52,424
EXPENDITURES:					
Current:					
Judicial			483	15,160	32,467
Elections					
Public Safety					
Public Works					
Highways & Streets					
Health and Welfare					
Capital	_				
Total Expenditures	_		483	15,160	32,467
EXCESS (DEFICIT) OF REVENUES					
OVER EXPENDITURES		450	75	(2,643)	19,957
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
Transfers in Transfers out					
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	_				
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		450	75	(2,643)	19,957
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	_	3,564	2,691	38,229	84,490
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ _	4,014 \$	2,766 \$	35,586 \$	104,447

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

		Senior Citizens Fund		Leose Grant		Justice Court Technology		Drug Forfeiture
REVENUES:	_				_		_	
Licenses and Permits	\$		\$		\$		\$	
Intergovernmental		40,371		1,576		1,398		
Investment Earnings								302
Contributions & Donations		8,595						
Other Revenue	_				-		_	
Total Revenues	_	48,966		1,576		1,398	_	302
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
Judicial								
Elections								
Public Safety				1,300		1,741		88
Public Works								
Highways & Streets								
Health and Welfare		116,621						
Capital	_				_		_	
Total Expenditures	_	116,621		1,300		1,741	_	88
EXCESS (DEFICIT) OF REVENUES								
OVER EXPENDITURES		(67,655)		276		(343)		214
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Transfers in								
Transfers out	_				_			
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	_		_				_	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(67,655)		276		(343)		214
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	_	(89,964)		3,511		9,248	_	45,176
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ _	(157,619)	\$	3,787	\$_	8,905	\$_	45,390

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

	_	Airport Fund		Pre-Trial Checking		Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
REVENUES:	Ф	C 404	Ф	6.710	Ф	50.275
Licenses and Permits Intergovernmental	\$	6,404	\$	6,710	\$	59,375 115,378
Investment Earnings				200		522
Contributions & Donations				200		8,595
Other Revenue	_		_			19,341
Total Revenues	_	6,404		6,910	_	203,211
EXPENDITURES:						
Current:						
Judicial						76,317
Elections						
Public Safety						3,129
Public Works		36,869				36,869
Highways & Streets						18,315
Health and Welfare						116,621
Capital	_	26.060	-			251 251
Total Expenditures	-	36,869	-		_	251,251
EXCESS (DEFICIT) OF REVENUES		(20.455)				(40.040)
OVER EXPENDITURES		(30,465)		6,910		(48,040)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Transfers in						
Transfers out					_	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	_				_	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(30,465)		6,910		(48,040)
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	_	20,606		24,737	_	299,486
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$_	(9,859)	\$	31,647	\$_	251,446

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES ALL AGENCY FUNDS

		Balance						Balance
DIMATE BHONE ELDE		October 1,		4 4 45.5		D. I. d		September 30,
INMATE PHONE FUND	_	2019	_	Additions	_	Deductions		2020
Assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,018	\$_	1,192	\$		\$	4,210
Total Assets	\$	3,018	\$_	1,192	\$		\$	4,210
Liabilities:							_	
Due to others	\$	3,018	\$	1,192	\$		\$	4,210
Total Liabilities	\$	3,018	\$	1,192	\$		\$	4,210
AGECNY FUNDS								
Assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	179,295	\$	487,908	\$	443,756	\$	223,447
Total Assets	\$	179,295	\$	487,908	\$	443,756	\$	223,447
Liabilities:			_		_			
Due to other governments	\$	179,295	\$	487,908	\$	443,756	\$	223,447
Due to others				•				
Total Liabilities	\$	179,295	\$	487,908	\$	443,756	\$	223,447
TOTAL AGENCY FUNDS								
Assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	182,313	\$	489,100	\$	443,756	\$	227,657
Total Assets	\$	182,313	\$	489,100	\$	443,756	\$	227,657
Liabilities:	_	•	=	•	=	•	: :	·
Due to other governments	\$	179,295	\$	487,908	\$	443,756	\$	223,447
Due to others	*	3,018	•	1,192	•	- ,	•	4,210
Total Liabilities	\$	182,313	\$	489,100	\$	443,756	\$	227,657